

International Symposium

Renewables Integration into the  
Japanese Power Grid by 2030

---

# Blackout and Protection System in Hokkaido

---

17 Dec, 2018

Takao Tsuji  
Yokohama National University

# Blackout in Hokkaido, Japan

The first blackout in Japan occurred on September 6<sup>th</sup> (2018) in Hokkaido Area due to the earthquake.

## Trip of 7 equipment by earthquake

- three thermal generators (coal)
- four transmission lines (by short circuit fault)

separation of eastern part of the system,  
and many hydro generators included in  
the area were stopped.



Almost half of power supply was lost.

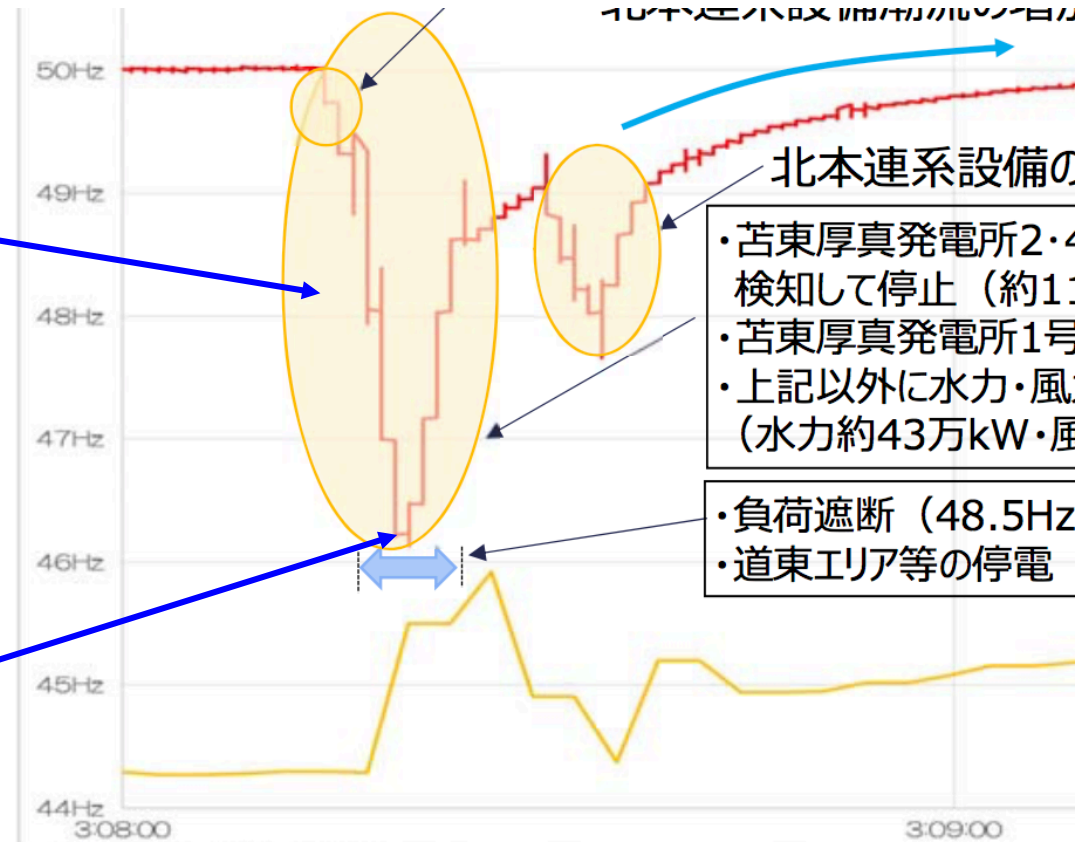


# Frequency Drop

serious frequency drop caused by the trip of two thermal generators and many hydro generators.

Frequency started to restore at this point due to

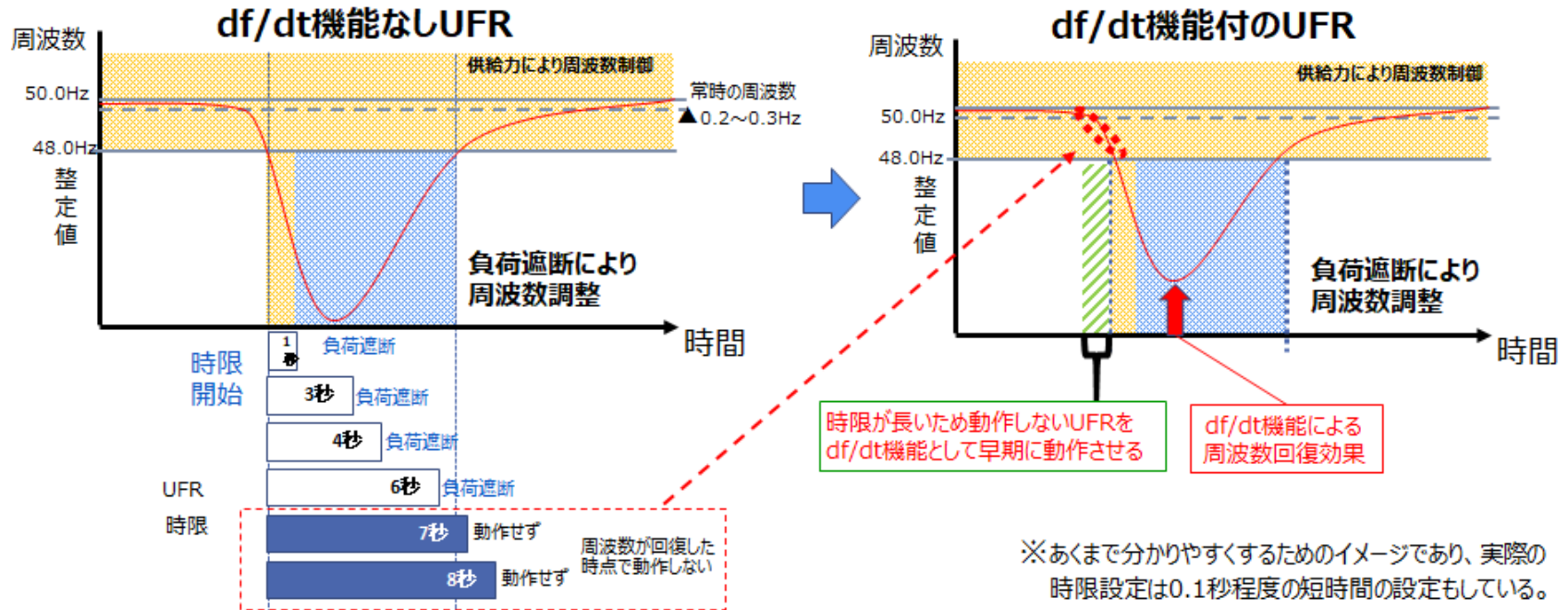
- Emergent control of DC connection (500MW)
- Load shedding by under frequency relays (1460MW)



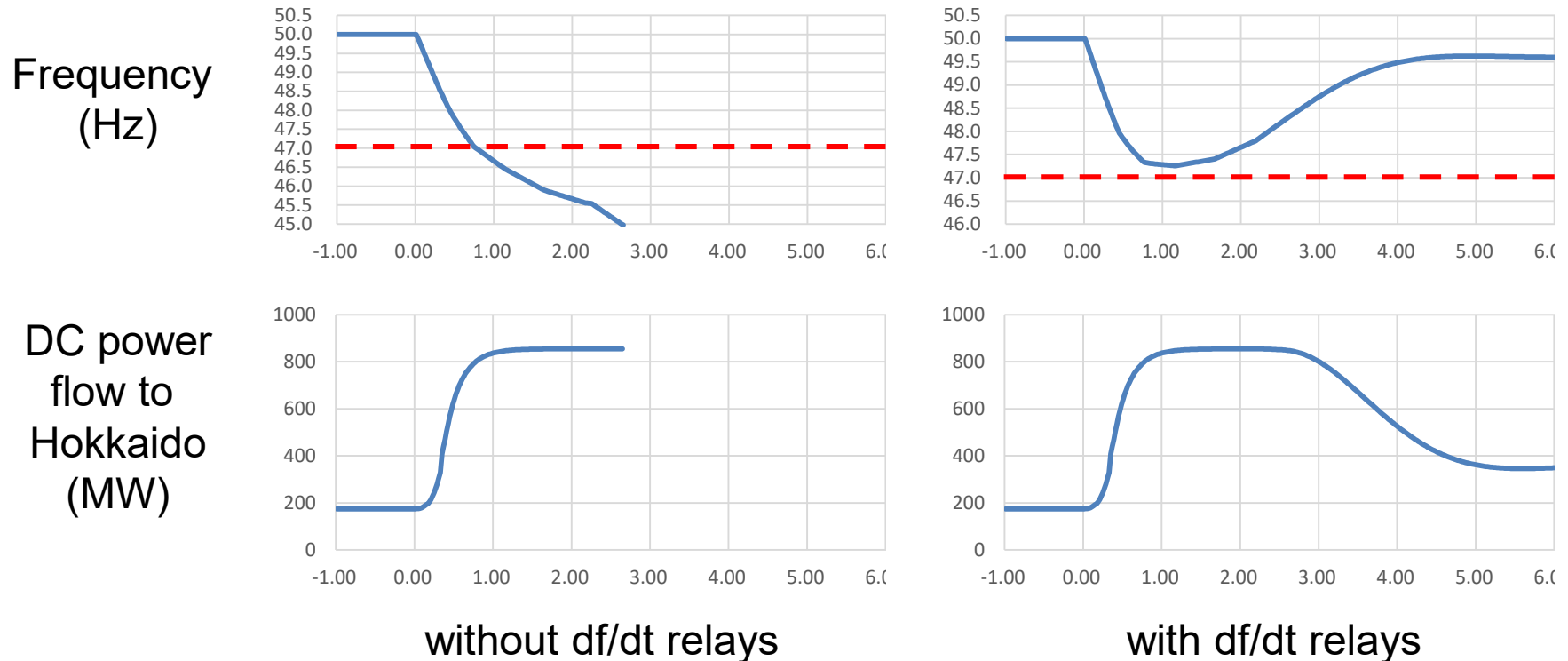
frequency nadir was 46.1 Hz

- 周波数低下リレー (UFR) は、大規模な電源脱落等により大幅に周波数が低下する稀頻度リスクに対応して、供給力 (発電側) で周波数を制御できる範囲にまで負荷遮断することで周波数を回復させる緊急的な措置を実施する。
- 周波数低下による連鎖的な電源トリップや停電を防ぐため、何段階かの時限を設定し、それぞれの時限で周波数の整定値まで回復しなければ順次負荷遮断、周波数の整定値まで回復した時点で負荷遮断は止まる仕組み。
- df/dt機能付UFRは、上記仕組みに加えて周波数の急激な低下を周波数変化率で検出し、早期の負荷遮断が実施できる。(北海道電力では、UFR更新に合わせ同機能の導入を開始しており今回のシミュレーションでは整定完了分約1割を反映する。) ⇒スライド63

周波数低下リレー (UFR) の仕組み <イメージ例>



# Countermeasures for the future



It is shown in the final investigation committee that blackout could be avoided even with Tomari Nuclear Power Station by applying df/dt relays to more UFR (for load shedding)

出典: [http://www.occto.or.jp/iinkai/hokkaido\\_kensho/hokkaido\\_kensho\\_4\\_shiryo.html](http://www.occto.or.jp/iinkai/hokkaido_kensho/hokkaido_kensho_4_shiryo.html)

より図面を引用

# Discussions

---

- Protection system was a “key” to avoid the blackout.
- Application of much more “**df/dt relays**” to UFR, or “**centralized stabilization system**” is being discussed for the future.
- Frequency behavior after disturbance depends on **changing inertia** and **FFR from various resources**.



*What is the ideal protection system in the future considering the cooperation with VRES ?*

# Operation before the blackout

Total demand : 3087 MW

Thermal generation :

Naie-1 (Coal) 61MW / 175MW

Trip just before  
the blackout

Date-2 (Oil) 76MW / 350MW

Tomato Atsuma-1 (Coal) 338MW / 350MW

Tomato Atsuma-2 (Coal) 556MW / 600MW

Tomato Atsuma-4 (Coal) 598MW / 700MW

Shiriuchi-1(Oil) 96MW / 350MW

Hydro generation : 780MW

Wind generation : 166MW / 319MW

Trip right after  
the earthquake  
(430MW of hydro,  
and all the wind)

DC power flow (to Hokkaido) : 72MW / 600MW



# Overview of Blackout

